THE EVENING STAR NEWSPAPER COMP'Y. B. H. KAUFFMANN, Pres't.

THE EVENING STAR is served by carriers to their subscribers at TEN CENTS PER WEEK, OF FOR-TY FOUR CENTS PER MONTH. Copies at the connier Two CENTS each. By mail—three months, \$1.50; ixmenths, \$3.00; one year, \$5. THE WEEKLY STAR-published Friday-\$1.50 a year. Invariably in advance, in both cases, and no paper sent longer than paid for. BY Hates of advertising furnished on application

LECTURES.

GRAND STAR COURSE OF LEGIURES.

LINCOLN FALL SEASON 1872 3.
EDMUND YATES-Sovember 26;
Sthirst-"Undern Society."
DANIEL DOUGHERTY-December 3; E. J. DE CORDOVA-December 17; MENDELSSOHN QUINTETTE CLUB of Byston,

MENDELSSOHN QUINTETTE CLUB of Bysica,
Desember 25
OHEISTMAS CONCERT.
BEET HARTE-January 7"
Subject-"Argonatus of '42"
MISS LILLIAN EDWARTON-January 15;
Subject-"Female Costume; its Follies and Changes."
WENDELL PHILLIPS (about) February 1;
Subject-"Daniel O Connel."
GEORGE WM. CURTISS-February 26;
Subject to be annunced.
Course Tickets, with reserved seats. \$3. For sale at
J. C. PARKER'S,
ec22 In S27 7th street.

LADIES' GOODS.

IMPOSTANT TO LADIES.

I desire to inform the ladies that by a new process I am new able to set all combings of hair, by the re ots, same as if they had been cut off the head, thus avoiding the tanging of the hair as formerly. A ladies having COMBINGS to be made up in the dif ferent styles will please give me a call and satisfy themselves.

719 Market Space, between 7th and 8th streets.

THE EQUPIES AND VICTORIA At Willian's.

The handsomest Cloaks, Dresses, and Wrappers, at Willian's.
Children's Cloaks and Dresses at Willian's.
Infants Cleaks at Willian's.
Best Cloak Velvet at Willian's.
For Trimmings at Willian's.
The finest Black Dress Silk at Willian's.
Bonnet Silks and Velvets in all shades at Willian's.
Willian's.

Willian's.
The celebrated J. B. P. Corset at Willian's.
Fancy Ties, of all kinds, at Willian's.
Elegant assortment of real Laces at Willian's.
Thread and Guipure Lace Capes at Willian's.
Beautiful assortment of Parisian Fans at Willian's. Morocco Belts, with Chains, at Willian's.

Parisian Bonnets and Hats at William's. Imported Felt Hats, in all studies, at William's. Bealskin Turbans and Sectch Caps at William's. Ribbons, Flowers, and Passementetic, at Wil Ostrich Tips and fasey Feat ers at Willian's. Hair Braids, nade to order in Paris, at Willian's. Dresses and Cloaks made to order at Willian's. Dresses and One at WILLIAN'S,

907 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. 7 Cite Trevise, Paris.

MADAME ESTREN, 618 THIRTEENTH STREET, LADIES' FASHIONABLE HAIR DEESSES And Human Hair Manufacturer. Paris and New York cheap Human Hair House. Two Chittinus Braids only \$8. A large stock to select from always

MISS E. A. MCCORMICK, 506 NINTH STREET N. W., Will open MONDAY, October 14th,

a large and elegant assortment of IMPOSTED AND PATTERN BONNETS AND ROUND HATS.

JUST OPENING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BATS, FLOW ERS, FEATHERS and VELVETS.

At Low Prices, at S. HELLER'S, No. 719 Market Space.

DRY GOODS.

DARTICULAR ATTENTION IS CALLED

COMPLETE STOCK OF BLACK SILKS, Especially, three rich makes at \$1.75 PER YARD.

Store stocked to its utmost capacity with choice DRY GOODS to suit all classes. One Price Only. BOGAN & WYLIE.

nov8-tf 1018 and 1020 7th street northwest. DRINCIPAL ATTRACTION

NOW IN THE CITY IS WOLFORD & SHILBERG'S, NEW AND ELEGANT DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

South Seventh Street, wherein is to be found the best asserted and most choice stock of DEY GOODS in the District, comprising all the Latest Styles in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DEESS GOODS, namely:
Plain and Fancy Poplins,
Colored and Black Silks,
Empress Cloths of all Shades,
Colored Mohair Alpacas,
Plain and Corded single width Alpacas,
A GREAT SPECIALTY IN BLACK ALPACAS.
A full line of Black Goods of all classes, such as Bombazine, French Merino, Blarritz, Tamise,
Crape De Paris.
Black and col'd Velveteens; Flanuels in all shades;
Waterproofs of all colors; Cassimeres, from the

Waterproofs of all colors; Cassimeres, from the chespest to the best grades; Corduroy, Plushes, &c., &c. A large assortment of Ottoman and Broche Shawis; Blankets, Quilts and Comferters; Table Linens, Napkins and Towels; Shirtings, Cottons and

In connection with the above-named Goods are also kept a large variety of NOTIONS, BIBBONS, TRIMMINGS,

and other articles too numerous to mention. A call to this House will amply compensate the nest economical purchaser, from far and near.

B- REMEMBER The Arcade, No. 427 SEVENTH STREET SOUTH, Between D and K.

N. B - Five cents will convey a person from any part of the city direct to the door of this Establishment,

FALL!

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING. FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING. FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.

> MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS', MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS'. MAN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS',

EVER OFFERED BEFORE. EVER OFFERED BEFORE. EVER OFFERED BEFORE.

I urge a careful inspection of my goods before purchasing elsewhere, assuring the public that I never before have had such a variety of Garments to picase all tastes and desires, to accommodate all purses, or to give

such entire satisfaction. A visit to my establishment will fully repay all who may appropriate the time and trouble of coming, whether they purchase or only wish to view my Immense stock and how I sell them.

> STRAUS, the Clothier. STRAUS, the Clothier, STRAUS, the Clothier.

1011 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. 1011 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. 1011 PENNLYLVANIA AVENUE.

Three Doors from Eleventh Street. Three Doors from Eleventh Street. Three Doors from Eleventh Street.

Store open until 9 p. m. and on Saturday until, 11 p. m., to accommedate those who have no time to purchase during the day. H. HEMPLEE, OPTICIAN, OS 453 Penn's Avenue, corner 4% street. First quality Brazilian Pebble. jau22-ly*



Wormman.



TWO CENTS.

TELEGRAMS TO THE STAR.

This Afternoon's Dispatches.

Associated Press Reports.

AFTER THE FIRE.

BOSTON TO-DAY.

Thirty Lives Lost by the Fire.

Digging for the Corpses.

A Suspected Thief Shot by the Mill-

tary.

in Incendiary Hanged by the Citi-

Confidence Restored in Business

Circles.

Shot by the Guard.

BOSTON, Nov. 12, 3 a. m.—The streets are now perfectly quiet. Two hundred and fifty

mounted soldiers patrol the streets, and no one

not having official authority from the command-ant is permitted to pass a line of infantry, and one man who attempted to enter a store on Winter street who refused to leave after being

repeatedly ordered away, started to run when

about to oe arrested, and wasshot by the guard.

Digging for the Corpses.

Extensive lines of hose are stretched all over the ruins, and engines are stationed at almost

every hydrant, ready at a moment to be worked if occasion should require. At points where persons are known to have been buried the ruins

are being cooled with water preparatory to

digging out the corpses of the victims. There are immense piles of coal at the Russia wharf. About five hundred tons are still on fire.

The Common as a Dry Goods Market.

The city authorities have granted to the dry goods merchants the privilege of using the Common as a repository for such of their property as is saved, and to erect shantles and other

structures for temporary use. Three men were discovered in an attempt to break into a room

An Incendiary Hanged by the Citi-

It is rumored that a drunken wretch, late in

the evening, attempted to set fire to the gas

house near Charlestown bridge, but was seized by an infariated crowd and unceremoniously

Three men were buried under a falling wall on Washington street, leaving their heads only

visible. Efforts made to rescue them from their

herrible position were unavailing, and in a few moments afterwards the remainder of the wall

feil, crushing them and burying them out of sight. It is known that thirty lives have been

Military Quartered in Old South

Detachments of the 1st and 2d regiments are

quartered in the Old South Church. This

church has not been thus used since British offi-

cers quartered there in the revolution 150 years

ago. Six men were arrested this morning in the

northern part of the city, caught in the act of

firing buildings by kindling bonfires in the rear

Ten Thousand Poor Girls out of Em-

Ployment.
Boston, Nov. 12.—The Herald says: Among

the sad sights witnessed were those of young

plainly clad girls standing upon the streets

adjacent to the burning acres, with piteous exclamations and bitter tears at seeing the

places where a few hours before they were

earning by hard work their daily bread, razed

to the ground. It is estimated that nearly 10,000

of these unfortunate girls are thus thrown out

A More Cheerful View of the Situa-tion in New York.

New York, Nov. 12.—the papers here take a more cheerful view as to the results financially

and otherwise of the Boston fire. In the sno and leather trade there is a prevailing impres-

sion that no harmful results to the trade can

follow, as prices were at a very low point before

the fire. Several Boston men are already here, who have bought new stock and will rebuild

mmediately. In the wool trade it is stated none

of the New York houses are disastrously affected. The actual sufferers will be the public at large, as all kinds of woolen goods will be advanced in price, it is expected, from thirty to forty per cent. Several New York firms are

congratulating themselves upon the necessary deflection of the wool trade from Boston to New York. Several New York detectives have

gone to Doston to aid the authorities there in

The Bulletin says of the wool market that

dealers here recently sold heavily to Boston merchants, but the wool is still mostly held in

transit, thus escaping destruction. Only a small

amount of Boston paper on account of wool transactions is held here, and no fears are en-tertained here that other than an extension of

time will be necessary on maturing bills. A partial suspension of the wool trade for a week

is expected, until insurance balances are per-

In the dry goods trade, the same paper says, there is much confusion and uncertainty, owing to the non-reception of letters from Boston, but

no great uneasiness is manifested. In the hide

and leather trade there is an entire absence of

any panicky feeling, and the general impression is that the market will simply remain steady.

In the boot and shoe trade no crisis is antici-

pated, the sentiment being that all Boston deal-

ers are still in good standing, and only an extension of time will be necessary. Boston buyers who appeared here yesterday were cheerfully

THE RELIEF COMMITTEE

appointed yesterday met at noon in the Chamber of Commerce. A telegram from the president of the San Antonio board of trade was

received asking for the particulars of the Boston fire. Hon. William E. Dodge, president of the Chamber of Commerce, yesterday telegraphed to the mayor of Boston, "All New York in sympathy with you. What can we do for you?" A reply was received to-day as follows: "Thanks for your sympathy and kind offer of assistance. The fire is now fally under control.

The fire is now fully under control. But few

dwelling-houses burned. Meeting of relief committee will be held this morning, and as

soon as extent of our calamity is ascertained

will communicate to you and inform you of our

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The Brooklyn aldermen voted to tender to Boston such material aid as

it may be in the power of Brooklyn to bestow.

and appointed a committee to act upon the

Naw York, Nov. 12.—The city government and board of trade of Newark to-day passed

resolutions tendering any aid that may be in

From Europe To-Day.

THE BOSTON FIRE, AND LONDON INSURERS.
LONDON, Nov. 12.—It is believed here that the amount of insurance in London companies upon the property in the burnt district of Boston is

\$2,500,000. A commission is to be sent to Boston by the London companies to make an investiga-tion of the facts in relation to the origin and

progress of the conflagration as a matter of general interest to insurance interests.

Pennsylvania Constitutional Conven-

HABRISBURG, Nov. 12.—A cancus of delegates

need." The committee then adjourned.

heir power to Boston.

or skilled operators.

bis afternoon.

without opposition,

given all the credit they asked for.

fected, when the market will be more active

arresting New York thieves.

than before the fire.

part. The streets are patroled by military.

Charch.

hung to a lamp-post.

of employment.

in the Parker House, but made their escape.

zens.

Vol. 40 - Nº. 6,133.

SPECIAL NOTICES. Fine Old Rye Whisky.

WARRANTED PERFECTLY PURE. FOR MEDICINAL AND FAMILY USE.

OR \$5 PER GALLON. Also, all kinds of CALIFORNIA WINES, 73c, and SI per boule: FORT, ANGELICA, MUSCATEL, SHERRY, HOCK and CLARET, Also, KELLY'S ISLAND CATAWBA.

LIRGE BOTTLES, \$1 PER BOTTLE;

These Wines are very superior, and just as repre-ARTHUR NATTANS, Druggist, net-tr

Second and D street, N. W.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America, as missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Disease of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the Piscase of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Frompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a souled envelope, to any one who needs it. Free of Charke.

Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN.

Station D. Bible House, Mew York City.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW NATIONAL THEATER.
MR. J. G. SAVILLE, Lessee and Manager.

MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 11, 1872, And until further notice, the Distinguished Trage-dian. MR. JOSEPH PROCTOR,

Who, assisted by
MAY SAVILLE
And an entire New Company, will appear in his
Great Sensational Play, THE RED POCKET BOOK.JOSEPH PROCTOR

THE RED POCKET BOOK. THE GREAT SHIP SCENE,

A wonderfully resilistic and metharical effect; the
entire stage a living ocean; a monstrous ship in
flames, sinking in the sea
[Pesigned and patented by G. Hinckley, of San
Francisco.]

THE SHOT-THE CARAVAN. THE SEPARATION-THE FAREWELL-THE RED POCKET BOOK.
In preparation-NICK OF THE WOODS.
Coming-THE LINGARDS. WASHINGTON THEATRE COMIQUE, Eleventh st., south of Pennsylvania avenue. OUR BEST EFFORTS BEOUGHT INTO PLAY. CHALLENGE VARIETY COMPANY OF THE WOLLD. A VAST AND UNPRECEDENTED COMEI-NATION OF EXCELLENCES. THE GREAT ENGLISH BALLAD OPERA TROUPE,

A mammoth undertaking, but a prelude to a con-tinuous host of attractive novelties. THE GREAT SAPPHO TROUPE And an Avalanche of Wonderful Sensations The greatest, best, most pleasurable, and largest entertainment ever in a Variety Theater. A STUPENDOUS BILL OF UNVARIED AT-

M'LLE DE GRANVILLE, The Woman with the Jaw of Iron. A DENTAL PHENOMENON! FAIRY, THE INFANT VENUS. TONY HARVEY, the impersonation of Negroism HAWLEY BROTHERS, Song and Dance Dromios. FRANK HOWE, the Comic Dutchman. A NEW AND EXCELSIOR COMPANY. nll TINCOLN HALL.

THEODORE THOMAS' UNEQUALLED CONCERTS. SIXTY DISTINGUISHED PERFORMERS, The largest and most perfect Concert Troupe which has ever traveled either in this country or in

Europe. FRIDAY EVENING, November 15th, FIRST GRAND CONCERT. MONDAY EVENING, November 187H, SECONDAND LAST CONCERT. The following celebrated Soloists will appear: MR GEORGE L. OSGOOD, The young American Tenor. His first appearance MR. BERNHARD LISTEMANN.
The celebrated Violinist. Together with the

UNRIVALLED ORCHESTRA. PRICE OF ADMISSION, ONE DOLLAR. at Metzerott & Co.'s, where the Programmes car also be had. Doors open at 7%. To commence at 3
Steinway & Sons' Pianos are used at all The
Thomas Concerts.

THE MARINE BAND WILL GIVE A CONCERT

At Concordia Hall On every MONDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS

186 On Exhibition (New No TTR ST. 7TH ST. MARKETER'S, MABRICITES'S,

No. 416 7th street, between D and R streets, eight
doors above Odd Fallows' Hall.

Choice Off Paintings, Engravings, Chromes, &c.
Also, largest stock Paper Hangings, Window
Shades, Pictures, Frames, Picture Cords and Tassels, Rings, Nasis, &c., in the District.

TERMS CASA.

Please remember Name and Number. jel-ly*

E. S. JUSTH PAYS FAIR PRICES for Ladies'.
Gents' and Children's SECOND-HAND
OF OTHING, UNDEE-CLOTHING, BOOTS,
SHOES, &c., at 619 D street, between 6th and 7th
sts. Notes by mail promptly attended to. oc9-ly

BALLS, &c.

L'IRST GRAND BALL CONDUCTORS AND DRIVERS OF THE WAND G. R. R. WILL BE GIVEN THIS EVENING ODD FELEOWS' HALL-SEVENTH STREET. Tickets, admitting a Gentleman and Lady, \$1. It

COULAGEMENT POUR LES PIEDS; Cors enleves sans peine;

durillers manvais ongles, soignes avec succes, par le DOCTEUR WHITE, Chirepediate, No. \$35 15th street, opposite the Treasury Department.

Le DOCTEUR WHITE, est etabli a Washington FRANKLIN & CO. OPTICIANS, OS

No. 1227 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. Genuine Brazilian Pebble Spectacles. jan19 tf

Pour soins donnes chezlui, \$1; a domicile, \$3.

DOR FAMILY USE.

HALFORD

LEICESTERSHIRE

TABLE SAUCE.

The Very Best Sauce and Relish Made in Any Part of the World.

FAMILY USE.

Pennsylvania avenue.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

FRENCH FLUTING—The only place in the city

Twhere it is done Also, STAMPING, PINKING
and EMBRUIDERY of every description.

BRAIDS of all kinds, and EMBRUIDERING
SILKS of all colors, constantly on hand.

MRS. G. H. MAURER,
617 Seventh street,
opposite Patent Office. THE MA-ON & HAMLINGA BINET ORGAN manufactured in the United States. A large assorting at cap always be found at the warercome of W. G. METZELOTT & CO., No. 925

EVENING STAR.

Washington News and Gossip. INTERNAL REVENUE .- The receipts from this

source to-day were \$228,838.49. LIEUTENANT GENERAL SHERIDAN arrived here this morning from Philadelphia.

A VICE CONSUL RECOGNIZED .- The President this morning recognized Willoughby Herbert Stuart vice consul of H. B. M. at Boston. SENATOR SUMNER sails on Thursday's steamer

from Liverpool for New York. His health is slightly improved. THE PRESIDENT, Gen. Sherman, Secretary Robeson, and other officials who went to Philadelphia to attend the funeral of General Mende,

returned here this morning. GEN. W. KRYZANOWSKI, formerly supervisor of internal revenue for Georgia, has been appointed special agent of the Treasury department and assigned to duty in New Orleans

under Collector Casey. ASSISTANT SECRETARY RICHARDSON returned here this morning from New York. He was in consultation with leading financial men in that city yesterday and found them very hopeful. They anticipate no panic from the Boston fire, or that it will seriously affect the business of the country.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT .- The President this morning appointed James T Earle centennial commissioner from the state of Maryland, vice Wm. Prescott Smith, deceased; James E. Dunham postmaster at Bridge port, Conn. Wm. Patrick, to be U. S. attorney for the Eastern district of Missouri, vice C. H. Krum, who has recently been elected judge in that district.

THE SOUTHERN CLAIMS COMMISSION Yesterday partially heard the claim of Mrs. Sophia U. Snyder, of Georgetown, D. C., for fifteen hundred bushels of corn, taken by the Union army in Alabama, and the claim of Mr. James W. Irwin, of this city, for about \$2,500 worth of fencing, timber and wood taken from his farm near Berryville, Va. Admiral Radford and General Schriver were examined as witnesses in the case of Mrs. Snyder.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE BOSTON FIRE .-Secretary Boutwell this morning sent the following dispatch to Boston:

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12, 1872 .- Gen. B. F. Buter and Thomas Russell, Collector, Boston, Mass. The President authorizes me to say that every possible means of relief and aid will be afforded to the citizens of Boston by the government, and that should the circumstances appear to demand action by Congress, such action will be recommended by him.

GEO. S. BOUTWELL, Sec'y Treasury. REDUCTION OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE FORCE .- Under the new internal revenue law. force of assessors and collectors of that office. now numbering 230 of each class, is to be reduced to 80 by the first of January next, and Commissioner Douglass will soon begin the work of consolidating districts in order to make the reduction. In some states there will be but one or two collectors and assessors assigned, but in the larger states and densely populated cities there will be sufficient force retained to do the work without inconvenience to business interests. An immense pressure is being brought to bear in favor of various incumbents, and as the time for putting the new law into effect approaches the pressure increases.

THE UNITED STATES CENTENNIAL COMMISsion appointed by the President (Messrs. James E. Dexter and Lawrence A. Gobright being the commissioners for the District of Columbia have issued an address to the people of the United States, asking their co-operation in properly celebrating the one hundredth anniversary of American independence at Philadelphia on the Fourth of July, 1876. The address says the character of the celebration will be international. "Europe will display her arts and manufactures, India her curious fabrics. while newly-opened China and Japan will lay pare the treasures which for centuries their ingenious people have been perfecting. Each land will compete in generous rivalry for the palm of superior excellence." The commisioners earnestly urge the formation in each state and territory of a centennial organization. which shall, in time, see that county associations are formed, the object being the buying the stock of the enterprise, amounting to \$10,000,000. and which Congress has provided shall be raised

PERSONALS .- The Argentine Minister and his family leave the city to-morrow morning for New York en route to Europe. Their loss will be greatly felt in Washington society this winter. Mr. Brassey, member of parliament from Hastings, England, who arrived here in his steam yacht, now lying off the navy-yard, was introduced to the President this morning by Secretary Fish. by Secretary Fish. Mr. Brassey is accompanied by his wife. Hons. A. C. Harmer, Uiysses Mercur, of Penn., and Gen. August V. Krantz, U. S. Army, are at the Ebbitt House. Gen. Henry H. Bingham, of Philadelphia, is at Willard's. Mr. Justice Miller, of the United States Supreme Court, delivered the opening lecture before the law school of the University of Georgetown last night. Messrs. Nabes-hima, Hora and Muta, from Japan, arrived at Wormland Wormley's hotel yesterday. Mr. J. C. J. P. Kodama, the young Japanese law and theological student in this city, will graduate in both professions in January, and in February he sails for Japan to act as missionary, and at the same time to fill some important position under his government. W. O. Avery, Esq., chief of the appointment bureau, internal

revenue office, has returned from his western Here's the way Watterson, of the Louisville Courier Journal, discourses on the late election. We don't understand his illustrations ourselves, but a friend of ours from out west who indulges occasionally in a little game of poker laughed over them a good deal, and so we print them for the benefit of those of our readers who may be

"We seem to have struck one of those streaks of bad luck which sometimes overshadow the formhes of the most skillfu, and deserving. No matter what we hold, the radicals have just enough to beat it. New Jersey's two little pair turn out neither more nor less than Missouri's three little aces. We thought we had a full hand in Tennessee and a flush, at least, in Alabamaand so we did have-but the show-down proves them to be not worth a cent. The raise we made on Indiana cost us all we had won and a little more beside. We had slipped Virginia in our sleeve and hid Arkansas under the table. But t's no use. They beat us holding, beat us drawing, and beat us playing. It is evidently not our moon. We had a sickly hope that by hanging on things might brighten. But the news this morning is no better in one sense and considerably worse in another. The best we can do is to jump the game and try our luck some other time. Partner, they've got us."

LOSS OF A STRAMSHIP AND TWENTY-THREE Lives.—The steamship Mauritius has been lost in the North channel, off Port Patrick, Scotland, and twenty-three of the persons on board were drowned. This may be either the ship Mauritius which cleared from Glasgow the latter part of October for Demerara, or the steamship of that name belonging to Dublin. REV. O. B. FROTHINGHAM preached in New

York Sunday upon "Visions of Judgment."
He said that our people have lost all fear of hell.
The threat of a public whipping would check the numbers of drunkards and prostitutes much more effectually than the popular preaching about eternal punishment ever has.

ARREST OF THE MAYOR OF MEMPHIS.—The criminal court of Memphis has begun on the gambling-houses, and a number of proprietors and players have been arrested. The mayor of the city has also been arrested for violating the gambling laws by issuing licenses to the honses. THANKSGIVING IN MARYLAND. - Governor Thursday, the 28th instant, to be observed as a day of thankegiving and prayer. The President of the United States had previously designated the same day for the same purpose.

TRIAL OF JESSE UPPERCUE.-The case of Jesse Uppercue, indicted for the murder of Mrs. Amelia Wheat, will be called for trial in the criminal court on Monday next, November 18th.—Balt. Sun.

NEW METHOD OF COMMITTING SUICIDE. Perry Hasty, of Saco, committed suicide at the Portland police station in Maine Saturday afternoon by swallowing a portion of his shirt. THE TRIAL of L. N. Fewell for the murder of J. F. Clark is still in progress at Brentsville, Va. The testimony is all in, and counsel are ocal-in | now arguing the case.

THE BOSTON FIRE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1872.

FULL EXTENT OF THE DISASTER. GRAPHIC ACCOUNT OF THE CONFLAGRATION.

A Grand but Appalling Scene. Terrible Incidents of Saturday Night and Sunday.

The fire in Boston yesterday was confined to the ruins, which were played upon all day by a large number of steam fire-engines, worked by reliefs of firemen. James Tulies was arrested by a soldier early in the morning while setting fire to a building on Milk street. The Saturday Evening Gazette was among the papers burned out. The number of business houses burned out is 900, and 30 dwellings and lodging houses, leaving 3/10 families homeless. At a meeting of the citizen's relief committee, Mayor Gaston read dispatches from Gov. Geary, of Pennsylvania, and the mayors of Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, Providence, and other cities, tendering sympathy and aid. A committee of ladies has been formed to look after the thousands of sewing girls thrown out of employment. Propositions are being urged for the making of new street lines in the burned district, and for the erection of a merchants' exchange building. The committee of twenty citizens have requested Gov. Washburn to call a special session of the legislature to authorize the city to issue a sufficient amount of seven per cent. bonds to aid the sufferers in rebuilding the burned dis-

THE HUB IN THE DARK. The city was in darkness last night, owing to the disconnection of the main gas pipes from the burned district. The work in the newspaper offices was being done by lamp and candle-

Joseph Burr, of Dorchester, and George Smith, of Neponset, went to Boston on Saturday evening, and have not been seen since. It is feared they have been killed by falling walls. N. E. Abbott, a Charlestown fireman, is missed by his friends, and fears for his safety are entertained. REMOVAL OF THE POST OFFICE.

The post office is temporarily located in Faneuil Hall. Postmaster Burt does everything possible under the circumstances to expedite the distribution of mail matter. Gilmore has placed the Coliseum at the disposal of parties wishing a place to store goods. The vaults of the banks with all their contents, are safe. The books of the Hide and Leather Bank are, however, destroyed. CONDITION OF BOSTON INSURANCE COMPANIES.

It is impossible to give anything like an accurate, or even an approximate, report of insur-ance. Some of the largest firms have had no time to look over their policies. At an informal meeting of the leading insurance officers, a statement was made that the losses will be nearly paid in full. It is stated that only three insurance companies in Boston have suspended, namely: International, the Corn Exchange and Humboldt. President Oakley, of the New York Board of Underwriters, estimates the total insurance loss in Boston at not much over \$100,000,000. The Boylston must stop. MANSARD ROOFS. At the relief meeting in New York vesterday,

resolutions were adopted disapproving of the

construction of Mansard roofs on large and lofty

buildings, and calling for the appointment by the fire insurance companies of a board of engineers, who shall be invested with legal authority to blow up all buildings when they deem it necessary to prevent the spread of fires. The New York board of aldermen, at a meeting, torbade the erection of mansard roofs unless of fire-proof materials. MATERIAL AID FOR THE SUPPRIERS. Relief meetings of citizens were held yesterday and to-day in New York, Pittsburg, Baltimore, and Chicago, at the latter of which speeches of sympathy for the Boston sufferers were made, and \$100,000 donated for their relief. The Cincinnati common council has appointed

a committee to communicate with the Boston authorities, and, if necessary, to visit that city and ascertain what aid Cincinnati may be able to render. A large relief meeting was held in St. Louis yesterday. EFFECT OF THE FIREON BUSINESS IN NEW YORK. Wall street, New York, was more quiet yesterday, and the panicky feeling was dying out. There was but little business transacted in the wool, hardware, leather, or dry goods trade. Assistant Secretary Richardson, of the Treasury Department, was in consultation with leading bankers and merchants regarding the situation. It is said that Secretary Boutwell has stopped

the withdrawal from the banks of the greenbacks deposited some time since to relieve the market The following graphic story of the fire is told by a correspondent of the New York Times:

ORIGIN OF THE FIRE. The flames which commenced the awful work of destruction were first discovered about 7% o'clock Saturday night in the engine-room of the large four-story granite store, situated at the corner of Summer and Kingston streets, occupied by Tebbets, Baldwin & Davis, wholesale dry goods dealers. The fire must have been smoldering for some time, as when it was first discovered the flames had gained such volume as doomed the entire building. There was scarcely any wind stirring when the first alarm was given, and though the light of the fire was soon a bright one, nobody imagined that it would prove to be so appalling a disaster. When the firemen arrived on the ground they found that the flames had reached the fourth story of the building, and before they got to work with their engines every window vomited forth smoke and flame, the heat being so intense that, for the moment, they had to retreat. Still the fire-

men persevered and get several large streams of water playing on the burning building before any of the adjoining stores caught fire. THE FIRE RUNNING ALONG MANSARD ROOFS The buildings in the vicinity were all of granite, four stories high, each surmounted with a Mansard roof. The detached splinters flew readily, as the air was heated by the terrible heat, and the flames began licking the Mansard roof on the opposite side, far above the reach of the streams directed toward it from all quarters. The fire was constantly in the air, and one building after another caught on the roof, and the flames skipped lightly along from one window sill to another, so that in less than thirty minutes it became evident that the whole city

in one direction was at the mercy of the flames. A GRAND BUT APPALLING SCENE. The scene at 10 o'clock was a grand one, despite the destruction visible on every hand. The gutters were full of water that had been thrown upon the burning houses only to fall impotent and disappear in the cuiverts. The heat was so great that the blocks of granite composing the walls of the stores already on fire actually began to explode, the fragments being scattered in every direction. Roofs fell in with a crash every moment, carrying with them the floors beneath, heavily freighted as they were with large stocks of valuable goods. As the interiors thus fell a prey to the element, walls began to bulge and quiver, finally sinking to the pavement in huge masses of heated and blistered stone. The wind, hitherto a high one, having gradually grown in strength as the fire progressed, became at length a gale, the flames seemingly having the effect to create currents of their own. Words fail me in describing the appalling scene at this stage of the are. Building after building fell passively before the flames, and it seemed an almost impossible task to attempt to check their progress. Whole blocks were on fire, and the very streets were full of flames, as immense stacks of goods had been there piled up in readiness for removal, only to fall into the grasp of the element that was surging forward toward the water front in resisting

NEW TERRORS.

The Babel of confusion assumed a new phase about 11 o'clock, for the tenement houses at the upper end of Federal street began to catch fire, and the scenes were intensified by the affrighted actions and loud cries of the inmates of those crowded edifices. Flying hither and thither in their frenzied terror, men, women and children only added to the confusion without in the least helping themselves. Under ordinary circumstances, many of the incidents witnessed at that point would have been deemed ludicrous, but the intense excitement prevailing among all classes prevented any such impression. Furni-ture was carried into the streets only to be broture was carried into the streets only to be broken and abandoned. From every window were thrown perishable articles, causing new dangers for those on the pavements. Pale faces, rendered more ghastly by the glare of blazing buildings, peeped from high windows in abject terror at the prospect. Loud cries for help were frequently heard, and it is quite certain that many of these piteous appeals were wholly in vain, for many lives were undoubtedly lost, all traces of the missing persons having utterly disappeared.

BLOWING UP THE CONTIGUOUS STREETS.

By this time it had become evident to all that in spite of the utmost exertions of the fire department the flames were gaining. There was then no alternative left save to blow up the streets closing to those already sheeted with flame. At two o'clock this was done. Chief Engineer Damrill, who had hesitated at adopting so costly a remedy, hesitated no longer. He established a cordon round the streets leading to Milk street, driving off the gazers with the police. Soon the measured tramp of the United States marines was heard as they marched up Washington street from their quarters in the navy yard, and they reinforced the overworked

BLOWING UP THE CONTIGUOUS STREETS.

a column of citizens under the leading of Mayor Gaston and Gen. Wm. L. Burt, with Alderman Jonks and Col. Shepard as subalterns. And now they took charge of all the streets leading to Milk, and about 3 o'clock the engineer's department, under Damrill, aided by the marines, laid charges of powder in the cellars of the south side of that street. In a few minutes the roar of numerous explosions was heard, and, though women grew pale and children began to cry at the terrific sounds, yet they were nevertheless dearly welcome, for they indicated that the po-

sition was fully realized, and that the conflagra-

tion was being fairly choked. Three more ex-plosions were heard, and immediately a large

police. To this combined force was soon added

block in Devonshire street was blown partially into the air. Then came the turn of Federal street, and quickly a great gap was made in that fine street. THE POLICE AND THE THIEVES.

Despite the terror that prevailed there were present in the crowd many thieves, who began their nefarious operations. Thefts were numerous and were committed with perfect impunity for a time, as it was absolutely impossible for the police to distinguish owners from thieves, all being loaded allke with portable property. Now and then a well-known face would be recognized by the detectives, and the thief arrested. These were isolated cases, however, and the value of the plunder secured by

strict search will hereafter be instituted, in order that some portions of the plunder may be re-The ladies, in many cases, were bewildered by the noise and bustle around them, rather than by cowardly fear, or even by natural timidity, and did some things that provoked laughter in spite of the awful character of the situation. One went about with a package of lace in one liand and a lisle thread stocking in the other, entreating the workers to help her save her property, which she was powerless to designate. Another threw out large superb mirrors from the third story, and carefully lowered a china fug by a rope. Some shivered in ered a china jug by a rope. Some shivered in silence on the stone steps, hugging their babes to their breasts, and one answered to a gentle-man who wanted to save her property: "Let it burn, sir. I've saved my baby, and my husband is all right in New York."

this depredatory class must have been enor-mous. It is understood that a thorough and

AREA OF THE FIRE.

At 4 o'clock in the morning the area of the fire was something pitiable. It extended from Washington street on the west to the wharves on the east, and Milk street on the north to the Hartford and Erie bridge on the south. It had destroyed the following streets: Sumner, Franklin, Otis, Devonshire, from Milk street to Winthrop square, the south side of Milk street, Pearl, High, parts of Broad, Oliver, Bedford, Chancey, Hawley, Arch, Federal, Purchase, Avon, Kingston, Columbia and Congress streets.

BOSTON SUNDAY NIGHT presented a scene of desolation not unlike that of a captured city in the possession of a hostile army. The beat of the drum is heard in the streets, and a soldier, with gun in hand, keeps guard by the ropes which surround the scene of devastation. Women and children throng the streets. On the sidewalks, in yards, in the corridors of the hotels, in the police stations, and even in grave yards, are piles on piles of valuabuildings. Boston never saw a brighter, fairer and a more sorrowful Sabbath than that on which the sun has just set. THE BURNED DISTRICT AND THE LOSS.

The region covered by the fire was entirely within wards five and four, including about one-half of the territory of the former, and two or three acres of the latter, space in all very nearly the same as that occupied by ward three. "The area of the burnt district will be found when carefully estimated," says the Dally Advertiser, "slightly to exceed sixty-four acres, or 2,787,849 square feet. Deducting the space covered by streets, the area occupied by buildings is a little less than two million square feet. The structures did not cover all the remaining space; but assuming that they did, and they were worth \$10 per square foot, the entire loss in buildings will amount to \$20,000,007, an estimate to the correctness of which, we have the testimony of many sagacious holders of real estate. The total number of buildings consumed. may roughly be stated at about 700. The loss in merchandise is set by the most competent experts at not over three times the amount of the loss of buildings, it being borne in mind that in a number of streets the structures were used principally for offices, and contained nothing very valuable, and that in many warehouses the stocks of merchandise were low, some of the dry-goods commission houses, for example, having hardly any goods in store.

EFFECTS ON THE BUSINESS OF BOSTON. Our estimate, therefore, sets the entire loss at \$80,000,000, a prodigious destruction in itself, but by no means one to inflict a crushing blow upon the property of Boston. All the old boot and shoe and commission tirms are solvent, and even strong as before the fire, and by their solvency will preserve to Boston, unimpaired, their valuable line of business. Very many of the jobbing firms also in the same line, came out of the fire with large losses, it is true, but able to meet all their engagements, and to continue their business. The same may be said in general

terms of the large manufacturers and dealers in clothing. Shakespeareau Quotations for the Times. [From the New York Post.]

GRANT AND WILSON. "Yea, the elect of the land." Henry VIII., Act 2, Sc. 4. JOHN A. DIX. " I am glad on't; 'tis a worthy governor." Othello, Act 2, Sc. 1.

"Argument for a week, laughter for a month, and a good jest for ever." First Part Henry IV., Act 2, Sc. 2. JAMES O'BRIEN.
"And at that sight shall sad Apollo weep." Taming of the Shrew, Induction, Sc. 2.

CINCINNATI CONVENTION.

TAMMANY HALL. Macbeth, Act 2, Sc 1. " I will play no more!"

Henry VIII., Act 5, Sc. 1. THE HORSES. At least, we'll die with harness on our back! Macbeth, Act 5, Sc. 5. HENRY BREGH.

"Against this cruelty, fight on!" The Winter's Tale, Act 2, Sc. 3. WOODHULL & CLAPLIN. Let not the heavens hear these tell-tale

Rail on the Lord's anointed!" King Richard III., Act 4, Sc. 1. A WEDDING DAY TRAGEDY .- In St. Peter's church, Dublin, the other day, a bridal party composed of members of some of the best circles in the city, awaited in vain the arrival of the bridegroom—Mr. Hubert de Burgh, a young barrister. A messenger was sent to his house, and it was found that, after arraying himself carefully for the ceremony, he had go e back to his room and cut his throat with a razor. The wound is not likely to be fatal; but the distress of all concerned in the matter is intense especi-

ally as family disagreements with respect to the match are understood to have prompted the strangely ill-timed act. A MILL STOPPED BY EBLS.-Last week a most remarkable stoppage of a mill by eels clogging the wheel occurred at Hundley's mill. below Spring Hill, in this country. The mill stopped, and the miller, upon searching out the cause, found the wheel was clogged by eels to the quantity of several bushe's, which had gotten into it and stopped it from turning. It was cleaned out and was clogged several times again during the day. Some of the eels were two or three feet long.—Staum'on (Va.) Vindicator.

general interest to insurance interests.

SYMPATHY FOR THE BOSTON SUPPREERS.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—All the London morning papers express the deepest sympathy for the sufferers by the conflagration in Boston. They attribute the great disaster to the bad management of the fire department, police and municipal authorities of that city. The Standard says:—The Boston fire is a scandalous outrage on civilization, and evidence of a most inefficient city government. By way of showing superiority in cases like that of the Boston fire of a small, well-organized fire department over a large, but badly-managed one, it compares the small London fire brigade and the narrow, crooked streets and alleys of this city, where fires seldom get beyond the buildings wherein they originate, to the thousands of undisciplined firemen, huge granite structures, and open places in Boston. There, it says, the best portion of the city was destroyed for want of good management to prevent the progress of the flames, which were finally stopped by gunpowder, and this wretched business was entrusted to volunteer citizens instead of skilled operators. SUICIDE IN PAIRPAR COUNTY, VA.-William SUICIDE IM PAIRMAX COUNTY, VA.—William Fuller, a resident of Fairfax county, Va., committed suicide by shooting himself through the head, on Thursday, at his residence. He was originally from Buffalo, N. Y., and went to Virginia with the United States army, where he remained during the war. He had been an invalid for a long time with an abscess in his back. An inquest was held, the jury rendering a verdict of suicide, and further found that deceased was of sound mind at the time.

THE SHEWANDOAR VALLEY RAILBOAD COM-PANY are about to place under construction the second division of their road. The division embraces the line through the counties of Warren and Page, the graduation of which, however, through Warren county was completed nearly two years ago by the Central Improvement company, and but fifteen miles of work is required to reach Luray. It is now fashionable for brides to dress in

APA Miss Virginia Gabriel has just finished a cantata on Longfe low's "Evangeline." Foil Exchange is the last name for a bar-room. Fusil is the oil referred to. The tragedian Macready is said to be incurably affected with the softening of the ar Drinking a gill of cream a day is what gave a Rondout young lady eight pounds of fieth.

Mrs. Johanna Sims, of Bryan county, Ga, recently died in two hours from the bite of a rattlesnake.

BURGLARY. NEW YORK, Nov. 12 - Robinson's agency for Suith & Wesson's pistols and the sawing silk store of Good & Co., on Chambers street, were rabbed of about \$3,000 worth of goods by burg are last night.

New York Notes.

The loss by the burning of Nandyke's cabinet

factory, last hight, is \$19,000.
ANOTHER MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

A Spandard, name! Cogri, was found dead, with a pistol builet through his breast, on Ryerson street, Brooklyn, last night.

Paul Miller, a lawyer of Brooklyn, blew his brains out this possible and the property of the prope brains out this morning.

WALL STREET is more quiet to-day, and marked by the entire absence of excitement. Specie engagements for te-morrow, a million and a haif.

The supreme court to-day appointed J. Slade as receiver of the International Insurance Com-

LOCAL NEWS.

The Green Spring Homicide Trial of C. H. O'Brica for the Marder of Samuel Countingham. To-day, in the Criminal Court, Judge Mac-Arthur, the case of Chas. H. O'Brien, ex-police-man, indicted for the murder of Samuel Con-ningham on the 15th of July last by shooting him at Green Spring, near Georgetown, was commenced. The prisoner is represented by Messrs. A. G. Ridd'e, A. B. Williams and F. Miller, and As istant District Attorney Harrington appears

THE PRISONUR
was brought into court at an early hour, and
those who had known him previous to the arrest were surprised to see how well he was looking, having gained over 15 pounds since his committment. He is a fine looking man hearly, if not quite, six feet in height and weighs about 200 pourds. He was attired in black coat and vest, gray pants, spotted white shirt and black cravat and wore from the juil a dark blue over-

or the government.

was proceeded with, (each one as his name was drawn from the hat, being sworn on his coire dire, as follows: - Frederick A. West, accepted and swern; John W. Morsell, challenged by defence; Thos. R. Johnson, accepted and sworn; John W. Green, challenged by defence; Ephraim M. Whitaker, do.; Samuel E. Douglas, to.; Patrick Clark, accepted and sworn; John T. Donaldson had formed an opinion; W. B. Downing, do.; Andrew C. Plant, challenged by defence; Israel Deming, accepted and sworn; Frederick A. Klopfer, challenged by defence; Lewis Spanin, had conscientions scruples; John H. Russell, challenged by defence; Robert A. Griffin, formed an opinion; James Payne, challenged by defence; Samuel T. Wall, accepted and sworn; George Willner, do.; Christopher Cammack, excused. Willner, do.; Christopher Cammack, excused Eustice E. O'Brien, challenged by United States, Mr. O'Brien having stated that his acquaintanceship with the parents of the accused would serious'y embarrass him in finding a verdict; George W. Dement, challenged by defence; John M. Divine, excused by defence; Moses T. Parker, accepted and sworn; Lemnel J. Middleton, sick. This exhausted the panel, and the court ordered that the names of forty talismen be drawn and they be summoned to-

morrow morning.

The defence stated that they had no objection to the jurors already sworn being allowed to separate, but Mr. Harrington stated that he wa under the necessity of asking that they be kept together. The prisoner was therefore remanded to jail, the seven jurors sworn sent to a hotel, and the names of forty talismen having been drawn, the court adjourned until to morrow.

THE COURTS. SUPREME COURT U. S .- The Supreme Court

of the United States gave a decision yesterday in the case of David Turner, appellant, vs. Jas. M. Smith, which comes up on appeal from the Court of Appeals in Virginia under the confiscation act and involves the title to the old Vir-ginia Sentinel office in Alexandria, which was purchased by Tarner during the late war at a sale made by the government. The Virginia Court of Appeals sustained Smith, but the Supreme Court of the United States reversed that ecision and supplant Turner's title.

The following cases, which went up on appeal

from the Supreme Court of the District of Co-

lumbia, were decided, the court in each case affirming the judgment below: Talbot T. Fow-ler vs. W. W. Rapley, a case growing out of a lease of the ice-houses at the foot of 9th street, and Henry Douglas vs. W. W. Corcoran, a case in relation to the rent of certain real estate in this District. The argument in the case of Geo. Hili, jr., vs. the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, was concluded. PROBATE COURT .- Yesterday the receivers of

the estate of the late Dr. Ralph V. Aultek-Messrs. R. T. Merrick and S. V. Niles-returned an account of the personal estate to the probate court, amounting to \$27,901.84. The widow of the late Capt. H. K. Davenport, of the U.S. pavy, qualified as administratrix of the estate. giving bond in \$16,000. POLICE COURT, Judge Snell .- The case of

John Clark, the colored man charged with rape on the little colored girl, Mary F. Martin, as heretofore stated in The Star, came up on Saturday. The injured little girl, who is about il years of age, gave her testimony, fully identifying the accused, and the judge sent the case to the grand jury, fixing the bonds at \$2,000, in default of which he was committed to jail. In the case of Schwartz, keeper of a restaurant, charged with keeping open on the Lord's day; the court discharged the accused. In the cases of Eber and Ottman, charged with the same offense; the court imposed a fine of \$20 on each. An appeal was taken, the parties giving \$100 bonds each. Yesterday no cases of interest were tried.

To day the following came up - James Car-riage, indecent exposure; \$5. John Gittings forfeited collateral for disorderly conduct. Geo. Horton, profane and indecent language; \$5. Wm. W. Scott, profanity; forfeited \$5 collateral. Rufus B. Young, charged with keeping his place of business open on the Lord's day; \$20. The judge stated that heretofore he had imposed the lowest fine, but in future if the moses. the lowest fine, but in future, if they were so frequent, he would impose the highest fine prescribed by the law. Phillip Kraft forfeited \$5 collateral for firing a gun in the street. Frederick Essleman, driving over the footwalk; 85. Wm. Stansburg, same offence; \$5. Wm. Mc-Shea, same offence; \$5.

instantly killed.

ROREIBLE ACCIDENT - An April Compil Dashed to Pieces on the Rocks.—Saturday night Avery Plummer and wife, of Ellisburg, Jeffer-ion county, N. Y., were passengers on the west-ward bound night express train over the Vanda-lia line, and should have left the train at Terro Haute and taken the provided to the county of Haute and taken the morning train for Evans-ville, whither they were bound; but they failed to obey the instructions of the conductor, and he found them on the train after it had started west from Terre Haute. He then arranged for them to stop at Marshall, the first stopping place, and to return on the next train. Be-fore reaching Marshall, he missed the aged couple, and a search throughout the cars failed to find them. Men were sent out, who hunted for them all night, and at daylight found their bodies under Clear Creek trestle. They had mistaken the slowing of the train, customary at that point; for the stopping place, and had stepped off, falling on the jagged rocks fifty-five feet below the track. They must have been

MEETING OF THE FRENCH ASSEMBLY-Caucus of Republican Members .- The adjourned session of the national assembly of France opened at Versailles yesterday afternoon. The attendance was unusually full, nearly all the members' seats being occupied. The Duc d'Aumale, Prince de Joinville, Rouher, Gambetta and other party leaders were present. Shortly after the opening of the session President Thiory entered the chamber and was seen as the company and was seen to be company and the chamber and was seen to be company and the dent Thiers entered the chamber and was redeputies of the party of the left in the assembly was held at Versailles. An expression of opinion was made, from which it appears that there has been a steady growth of republicanism among the people of all the departments, while the prefects and magistrates have become more and more tinctured with anti-republicanism. The deputies resolved to wait on M. Thiers and acquaint him with the condition of affairs, and request such official action as will bring the people and their official representatives into closer relationship.

HOMICIDE IN VIRGINIA .- A distressing homicide occurred at Marshall's distillery, in the upper end of Albemarie county, Va., on the 31st uit., in which the victim was the nucle of the young man who committed the horible deed. young man who committed the horible deed. H. W. Via and his uncle, a Mr. L. Shiflet, were H. W. Via and his uncle, a Mr. L. Shifiet, were at Marshall's still-house. A dispute arose about some land, when Via picked up a dogwood fork lying by and striking Shifiet on the head killed him—whether instantly or not, it is not known. Via fied, and nothing has been heard of him

Box A Boston woman speaks of her husband as her \$8,000 darling, that being the amount of his life policy.

Veterinary surgeons smoke fifteen cent cigars and wear beautiful snuff-colored plush overcoats since the epizootic come to help them 10 In New York yesterday James Lamb was sent to Sing Sing for four years, for the man-slaughter of Mark McDonald. A young lady advertises in a London paper, over the signature of Grace of God, offering her services as amanuensis to bed-

Mrs. Marsette, of Winneshiek county, Ia., gets five years in the penitentiary (unless pardoned out) for the brutal treatment of a step-daughter.

"Sunset" Cox ran some eight thousand or ten thousand ahead of his ticket for Congress-man at large from this state, and yet he "couldn't shine." to the constitutional convention this morning selected Wm. M. Meredith as president. The convention meets for the election of officers The Providence Journal asks, "Is it the greatest Presidential victory?" and after a column or more of historical statistics comes to the conclusion that it is.

Mr. McCormick Re-elected Delegate from Prizona. SAN DIEGO, CAL., Nov. 11.—R. C. McCor-The coroner's jury in Brooklyn. In the case of Mrs. Van Syckel found that she died from poison, given her in tea by her busband, John Van Syckel. mick has been re-elected delegate from Arizona